Chemische Fabrik Wülfel	Safety Data Sheet	State:	14/12/2018		
	in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	Author: Version:	U. Köhler 1.1		
	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2000		1.1		
	Zinc phosphide, techn.	Page	1 of 13		
SECTION 1: Identificat	ion of the substance/mixture a	and of the c	ompany/		
undertakir	ng				
1.1. Product identifier					
Chemical name	Zinc phosphide, techn.				
Index No	015-006-00-9				
EC No	215-244-5				
CAS No CIPAC No	1314-84-7 69				
REACH registration number		dofinad in Arti	do 15 paragraph 1		
REACTIVESISITATION NUMBE	of Regulation (EC) No 19 registered				
1.2 Relevant identified u	ses of the substance or mixture	and uses ad	vised against		
1.2.1. Relevant identified			against		
Use descriptor category:					
Life cycle stage (LCS)	M: Manufacture of Plant	Protection Pro	oducts		
Sectors of use	SU1: Agriculture				
Technical function	Rodenticidal active subs	tance			
1.2.2. Uses advised again					
	not known				
1.3. Details of the supplie	er of the safety data sheet				
	Chemische Fabrik Wülfel GmbH & Co. KG				
	Hildesheimer Straße 305	5, D-30519 Ha	nnover, Germany		
	phone number.: 0049 51				
	0049 511 98406-40				
	email address of the per	son responsib	le for		
	Safety Data Sheet: <u>cfw@</u>	wuelfel.de			
	Web: <u>www.wuelfel.de</u>				
1.4. Emergency telephon					
	Members of the public se	• •			
	poisons should contact (• • •		
	in England and Wales: p				
	in Scotland, phone numb				
	in Republic of Ireland, pr	ione number.:	01 809 2166		
SECTION 2: Hazards i					
2.1. Classification of the					
	e substance according to Regul	ation (EC) No	o 1272/2008		
(CLP/GHS)					
	tion is given in the Table 2 in subse				
	o-chemical and toxic properties of	• •			
	wing classification under consideri	ng the note T	in Table 3 of Annex		
VI of the CLP Regulation:					
Acute Tox. 2, H300					
Acute Tox. 3, H311					
Aquatic Acute 1, H400					
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410					
M=100					

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2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Label elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP/GHS) Risk-determining substance for labelling:

Zinc phosphide (Trizinc diphosphide), Zinc oxide, Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Hazard pictograms



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H300: Fatal if swallowed.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard information (EU):

EUH032: Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P270: Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Reaction:

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P335 + P334: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/ wrap in wet bandages.

P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

Storage:

P402 + P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with section 13 of the waste feed.

2.3. Other hazards

The compound does not meet the PBT / vPvB criteria as an inorganic substance according to Annex XIII of the REACH Regulation.

See also sub-section 15.1.2.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Table 1 Chemical characterization of the components and details of their content:

Active substance					
Characterization	Index No	EG No	CAS No	Content (% w/w)	
Zn ₃ P ₂ Zinc phosphide IUPAC: Trizinc diphosphide REACH Registration No: The active substance is considered as registered in accordance with Article 15 para. 1 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.	015-006-00-9	215-244-5	1314-84-7	≥ 80.00	

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	Impuritie	S		
Characterization	Index No	EG No	CAS No	Content (% w/w)
ZnO Zinc oxide IUPAC: Zinc monoxide REACH Registration No: 01-2119463881-32	030-013-00-7	215-222-5	1314-13-2	≤ 20
Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ Zinc phosphate IUPAC: Trizinc bis(orthophosphate) REACH Registration No: 01-2119485044-40	030-011-00-6	231-944-3	7779-90-0	≤5

Table 2 Harmonised classification of the active substance and its impurities according to Tab. 3, Annex VI, of the CLP Regulation:

Active substance/impurity	Harmonised classification	
Zinc phosphide	Water-react. 1, H260 ¹⁾	
(Trizinc diphosphide)	Acute Tox. 2 *, H300	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
	M=100	
	* Minimum classification	
Zinc oxide	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
(Zinc monoxide)	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
Zinc phosphate	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	
(Trizinc bis(orthophosphate))	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	

¹⁾ Take notice of note T in Table 3 of Annex VI of the CLP Regulation.

The examination of zinc phosphide with the test method A.12 FLAMMABILITY (CONTACT WITH WATER) of Regulation (EC) No 440/2008 or Test N.5: Test method for substances which in contact with water emit flammable gases, Manual of Tests and Criteria, Recommendations on the transport of Dangerous Goods (ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.6, Sixth revised edition, 2015) not supports the specified harmonized classification (Note the different classification in Section 2.1.1 compared to harmonized classification).

3.2. Mixtures

There is no mixture.

3.2. Additional information

The text of H statements, which was not mentioned in this section, s. section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

4.1.1. General informations

If any symptoms occur, particularly if there is any known contamination:

- Stop work
- Remove contaminated clothing
- Wash exposed skin and hair
- Call doctor at once and show him the label or the Health and Safety Data Sheet.
- Remove patient to fresh air, prevent all exertion and loosen tight or restrictive clothing. Persons attending victims of poisoning should avoid contact with heavily contaminated clothing and vomit. Wear impervious gloves whilst decontaminating skin and hair. Always seek medical attention in cases of serious contamination.

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4.1.2. In case of eye contact

Immediately irrigate thoroughly with clean water for at least 15 minutes, including under eyelids. Seek medical attention.

4.1.3. In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash affected areas with soap and water. Seek medical attention.

4.1.4. Following ingestion

If conscious, wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention. **4.1.5. Following inhalation of powder or gas**

Remove from exposure and bring patient to fresh air; rest and keep warm. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Pay close attention to breathing, and seek medical attention.

4.1.6. Self-protection of the First Aider

Contact with residual endogenous substance to avoid.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If swallowed, stomach acid is releasing hydrogen phosphide (phosphane). The poisoning symptoms can occur after a long latency period. A respiratory paralysis may occur in rare cases even after 24 hours.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed <u>After inhalation</u>:

Monitor circulation, lung, liver and kidney function.

After ingestion:

Immediately administer 0.1 % potassium permanganate or copper sulphate solution and permit vomiting, following gastric lavage. All poisoning cases should be treated in a clinic with intensive care facilities (in case of respiratory paralysis after 24 - 48 hrs).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: carbon dioxide, dry sand, fire extinguisher class C Unsuitable extinguishing media: water, foam

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In contact with acids forming hydrogen phosphide which can ignite.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In closed rooms may form an explosive phosphine/air-mixture in contact with acids.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Respiration:

respirator with B2-P2 combination filter;

Eyes:

goggles, face-shield

Hands:

Chemical protective gloves (EN 374) made of nitrile rubber or chloroprene rubber. Other:

protective suit or coveralls and apron, rubber boots

Avoid dust formation in confined areas. Wear suitable personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid contaminating watercourses. Inform local authority if the material enters drains, rivers or sewers, and Environment Agency if it enters surface or ground waters.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1. For containment

Contain opened packages in suitable marked containers of a similar material and close securely.

6.3.2. For cleaning up

After spillage or leakage:

Use personal protective equipment. Contain opened packages in containers of a similar material and close securely. Clean up straightaway by gentle sweeping, scoop or vacuum. Avoid creating dust clouds. Do not flush with water. Shovel into suitable marked container for disposal and close securely.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See sections 7 and 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1. Protective measures

See handling precautions in subsection 2.2.1!

Fire and explosion prevention:

Avoid dust formation. Prevent electrostatic charge – source of ignition should be kept well clear – fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Dust can form an explosive mixture (aerosol) with air.

7.1.2. Advice on general occupational hygiene

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift.

Keep away food drink and animal feeding stuffs.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Recommended storage temperature: -5 ° C to +30 ° C.

Take notice of TRGS 510 "Storage of hazardous substances in non-stationary containers". Do not store with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Storage class (LGK): 6.1B (acutely toxic non-flammable materials)

See Appendix 4 to the TRGS 510 (Storage of hazardous substances in non-stationary containers").

7.3. Specific end use

Active substance to make rodenticidal baits for the control of mice, rats and other mammalian pests.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1. Occupational exposure limit (OEL)

For dust of zinc phosphide no OEL is set.

General limit for dust (TRGS (Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances) 900):

Inhalable fraction (I dust): 10 mg / m³ (TWA)

Respirable fraction (R dust): 1.25 mg / m³ (TWA)

OEL for hydrogen phosphide (IUPAC nomenclature: phosphane): 0.1 ppm (0.1ml / m³ or 0.14 mg/m³), s. Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006.

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Route	Substance	Worker	General populatior
	Zinc phosphate	5 mg/m ³	2.5 mg/m ³
	Zinc oxide	(insoluble zinc)	(insoluble zinc)
Inhalation	Zinc phosphide	A DNEL is not available. AOEL (systemic): 0.042 mg/kg bw/d	A DNEL is not available.
(Long time exposure)	Hydrogen phosphide	AOEL (systemic): 0.042 µg/l Luft (0.03 ppm) In Germany the OEL applies.	A DNEL is not available.
Dermal	Zinc phosphate	83 mg/kg	g bw/day
(Long time exposure)	Zinc oxide	(insolut	ble zinc)
Oral (Long time exposure)	Zinc phosphate	not sufficiently accurate data available	0.83 mg/kg bw/da (soluble or insolubl zinc)

		(read-across		
		approach)		
20.6 [*] µg/l				
	6.1 [*] µg/l			
117.8 [*] mg/kg s	sediment dw	not sufficiently		
accurate data available				
56.5 [*] mg/kg sediment dw		not sufficiently		
accurate data available				
35.6* mg/k	g soil dw	not sufficiently		
		accurate data		
		available		
	117.8 [*] mg/kg s 56.5 [*] mg/kg s 35.6 [*] mg/k	20.6 [*] μg/l 6.1 [*] μg/l 117.8 [*] mg/kg sediment dw		

* The values contain the natural zinc ion concentration (so-called added values) present in the water, sediment or soil.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Personal protective equipment

8.2.1.1. Eye / Face protection

Goggles with safety glasses with side-shield (EN 166), face-shield

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8.2.1.2. Respiratory protection:

short time, filter type: B2- P2 combination filter

8.2.1.3. Skin protection

Suitable chemical resistant safety gloves (EN 374) also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374): e.g. nitrile rubber (0.4 mm), chloroprene rubber (0.5 mm), polyvinylchloride (0.7 mm) and other.

8.2.2. General health and safety measures

Avoid unnecessary contact with the product.

Wash hands after work, change contaminated clothing.

While using do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Dronorty	Volue / Description
Property	Value / Description
Appearance	gray-black powder
Odour	faint odour
Odour threshold	person-specific
pH (20 °C)	not determinable, since practically insoluble
	in water
Melting point or melting range	> 500 ° C, according to EC test method A.1
	(differential scanning calorimetry)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 500 ° C, according to EC test method A.1
	(differential scanning calorimetry)
Flash point	not applicable, since solid
Evaporation rate	not determinable, since vapor pressure too
	low
Flammability (solid)	not highly flammable according to the criteria
	of EC test method A.10
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	see the comments on flammability
Vapour pressure	<1.0 * 10 ⁻⁵ hPa, according to EC test method
	A.4 (vapor pressure balance)
Vapour density	not determined, since vapor pressure too
	low
Density (20 °C)	4.51 g / cm ³ , according to EC test method
	A.3 (air comparison pyknometer)
Bulk density (20 °C)	2.4 g / cm ³ , determined by CIPAC Method
	MT 186
Solubilities	<1.4 µg / L, according to EC test method A.6
Solubility in water (20 °C)	(column elution method)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determinable, since practically insoluble
(log K _{ow})	in water
Auto-ignition temperature	386 ° C, according to EC test method A.16
Decomposition temperature	> 500 ° C
Viscosity	not applicable, since solid
Explosive properties	not applicable, since stable inorganic solid
	(insensitive to heat, impact or friction,
	contains no chemically unstable or high
	energetic groups)

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Oxidising properties	not applicable, all components contain no
	oxidizing acting molecule groups

9.2. Other information

Decomposition with acids to very toxic phosphine (phosphane) and diphosphine (diphosphane). The latter ignites spontaneously on contact with atmospheric oxygen. The lower explosive limit of phosphine is 1.79% by volume, the upper explosive limit at 100% vol. The ignition temperature is about 100 ° C.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with acids forming heat to very toxic hydrogen phosphide (phosphane) and diphosphane. The latter ignites spontaneously on contact with the air.

Contact with strong lyes may generate hydrogen phosphide (slowly) which can be ignited by heat, naked flame or sparks. The contact with oxidizing substances and the formation of dust should be avoided. The latter can be ignited by an open flame or spark.

10.2. Chemical stability

In the dry state or in a dry environment, the substance is stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See sub-section 10.1.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Contact with acids, strong lyes and oxidising agents should be avoided.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, strong lyes, oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

With acids and strong lyes: hydrogen phosphide (phosphane) and diphosphane.

At very high temperatures, e.g. fires, may result from zinc phosphide phosphorus pentoxide which reacts with moisture and fire water to phosphoric acid.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1. Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity:

LD₅₀ (oral, rat): 12 mg/kg body weight (DAR Zinc phosphide, November 2009) Poisoning effect:

After and inteke

After oral intake, gastrointestinal pain.

Mode of action:

The stomach acid evolved from zinc phosphide hydrogen phosphide (phosphane). Hydrogen phosphide inhibits important enzyme systems and is a powerful metabolic and

nervous toxin. This can lead to death through respiratory paralysis and collapse.

After high dose administration, low methemoglobin is seen, with consequential effects on heart, liver and kidney functions.

Acute dermal toxicity:

LD₅₀ (dermal, rat): 525 mg/kg body weight (DAR Zinc phosphide, November 2009)

11.1.2. Skin corrosion/irritation

A corrosive effect of the skin was not found.

11.1.3. Serious eye damage/eye irritation

A serious eye damage / irritation was not observed.

11.1.4. Respiratory or skin sensitisation

There are currently no indications to this effect.

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11.1.5. Germ cell mutagenicity

There are currently no indications to this effect.

11.1.6. Carcinogenicity

There are currently no indications to this effect.

11.1.7. Reproductive toxicity

There are currently no indications to this effect.

11.1.8. Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

There are currently no indications to this effect.

11.1.9. Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure

There are currently no indications to this effect.

11.1.10. Aspiration hazard

There are currently no indications to this effect.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Acute aquatic toxicity

The values determined are taken from the DAR Zinc phosphide.

The EC₄₀ (96h) value for the fish ide (*Leuciscus idus*) is 21.7 μ g/L.

The EC₅₀ (48h) value for the species Daphnia magna is 114 μ g/L.

Following EC values for algae (Scenedesmus subspicata) were determined:

 EC_{r50} (72h) = 3.75 µg/L

 $EC_{b50}(72h) = 8.21 \ \mu g/L$

Note: The studies were performed with the maximum attainable concentration (MAC), in which the formation of a suspension was observed. Zinc phosphide is practically insoluble in water (<1.4 μ g / L (20 ° C)), see also sub-section 9.1.

12.1.2. Chronic aquatic toxicity

The basis is the smallest measured NOEC for zinc ions in freshwater, to be used as the endpoint for the classification (algae-test).

NOEC (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*) = 12.6 µg / L (species-averaged value)

PNEC (freshwater) = 20.6 μ g / L (this PNEC is an added value, i.e. it is to be added to the zinc background in water)

Because of the toxicity to aquatic organisms do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The oxidative degradation takes place to form harmless salts of phosphorous acid and phosphoric acid.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Zinc phosphide is metabolized by oxidation in an aqueous environment to phosphates. Thus, the potential for bioaccumulation is low.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Depends on the solubility of the phosphates from the soil formed.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.6. Other adverse effects

none

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product:

After pretreatment, the product must be supplied in accordance with the hazardous waste regulations to an approved hazardous waste landfill.

Do not dispose of the sewage system!

Waste disposal code: 06 13 01

Packaging:

The empty cans are to be rendered unusable for recycling purposes.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number UN1714
14.2. UN proper shipping name ADR/RID/ IMDG-Code: ZINC PHOSPHIDE
ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR: Zinc phosphide
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
6.1 (Toxic substances)

Note: The specified hazard class 4.3 in Chapter 3.2 (Dangerous Goods List, Table A) of ADR under the UN number 1714 does not apply to the substance and is therefore not part of the declaration. This approach is permitted under subsection 2.2.43.1.7 in conjunction with subsection 2.2.43.1.5 of ADR if the prescribed method of analysis yields a negative test result. On examination of the substance with the test method A.12 FLAMMABILITY (CONTACT WITH WATER) of Regulation (EC) No 440/2008, found no gas evolution. The test method A.12 corresponds to the test N.5 (Substances and preparations which in contact with water or damp air emit highly flammable gases in dangerous quantities) specified in subsection 33.4.1.4 in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, in Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Sixth revised edition, ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.6, 2015 (see also the note T in sections 2 and 3).

14.4. Packing group

I (Substances presenting high danger)

14.5. Environmental hazards

Labelling of environmentally hazardous substance

ADR/RID/ IMDG-Code/ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR: yes (see sub-sections 2.1.1 and 12.1)



Marine Pollutant: yes (see sub-sections 2.1.1 and 12.1 and Annex III of MARPOL) 14.6. Special precautions for user

Consult the sections 6-8, 10, and 12, respectively.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not relevant, substance is a solid.

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	• • •		
14.8. Additional informat ADR Tunnel restriction cod			
Transport by post: forbidde	en		
SECTION 15. Degulate	n information		
SECTION 15: Regulato	ry information nvironmental regulations/legisla	tion specific	for the substance
or mixture			
15.1.1. EU regulations			
Safety Data Sheet:			ov of Degulation
(EU) 2015/830.	2006 (REACH), Annex II (SDS), am	iended by Ani	lex of Regulation
Classification and labelling	:		
	2008 (CLP (EU-GHS) Regulation)		
Crop protection:			
Regulation (EC) No 1107/2 Directive 2010/85/EU (Incl	usion of Zinc phosphide in Annex I	to Directive 9	1/414 / EEC)
	011, is amended by Regulation (EU		
	phosphide is registered under No.		
Annex)			
Seveso III			
Directive 2012/18/EU	ory 2), E1 (Hazardous to the Aquati	ic Environmor	t in Catagory
Chronic 1)	by 2), ET (Hazaldous to the Aquat		it in Calegory
,	es O2 (Substances and mixtures w	hich in contac	t with water emit
flammable gases, Categor	y 1) and O3 (Substances or mixture	es with hazard	d statement
	on the basis of the harmonized cla		
subsection 3.1) but not in a 15.1.2. Basic national reg	accordance with the classification in	sub-section	2.1.1.
	ung people at work (JArbSchG)		
	ictions according to § 22 for teens.		
	others at work, in education and in s		
	working conditions according to §§	11 and 12 M	uSchG for
expectant and nursing mot	ners. azardous substances (Chemicals A	(ChomG)	
	gainst hazardous substances (Chemicals A		
(GefStoffV))			
•	strictions on the marketing and deli	•	n substances,
• •	suant to the Chemicals Act (Chem	/erbotsV)	
Plant Protection Act (PfISc Regulation on systems for	nG) handling water-polluting substance	$(\Delta w S)/)$ from	n April 18, 2017
•	de Number: 431, database Rigolett	· · ·	11 April 10, 2017
	according to §16e ChemG at the Fe	,	e for Risk
	fR product number is 0031193.		
15.1.3. Other regulations			
Technical Rules for Hazard	<u>lous Substances (TRGS):</u> and labeling in activities involving h	azardoue eub	stances "
	ts of Creating Safety Data Sheets"		31011053
	ardous substances in non-stationa		I

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Leaflets of the German social acciden				
DGUV Regulation 1 (BGV A1) "Basics of Prevention "				
DGUV Rule 100-001 (BGR A1) "Basics of Prevention "				
DGUV Rule 112-190 (BGR 190) "Use of respiratory protective devices"				
DGUV Rule 112-192 (BGR 192) "Eye	and Face Protection"			
DGUV Rule 112-195 (BGR 195) " Pro	tective gloves "			
DGUV Information 212-007 (BGI 868)				
15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment:				
DAR Zinc phosphide (November 2009).			
This document fulfils all in the annex I	of the REACH Regulation on the Chemical Safety			
Report (CSR) made requirements.	-			
SECTION 16: Other information				
16.1. Indication of changes				
-	cordance with Annex II No. 9.1 of the REACH			
Regulation				
Subsection 16.3 Update				
16.2. Codes of hazard classes and l	nazard statements			
	pecified in sub-sections 2.1.1., and 3.1.			
	nixture which in contact with water emits flammable gas,			
category 1				
Acute Tox. 2 - Acute Toxicity,	category 2			
Acute Tox. 3 - Acute Toxicity,				
	he aquatic environment, acute, category 1			
	he aquatic environment, chronic, category 1			
b) Hazard statements not specified				
Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008				
	s flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously.			
H300 Fatal if swallowed.	s naminable gases when may ignite spontaneously.			
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.				
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with	long lasting effects			
16.3. Literature and sources	iong lasting chects.			
Directives and Regulations				
	CH), was last amended by Regulation (EU) 2018/1881			
	1272/2008, was last amended by Regulation (EU)			
2018/1480				
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SDS_Zinc phosphide_14_12_2018				

Chemische Fabrik Wülfel	Safety Data Sheet	State:	14/12/2018
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REACH regis	stration dossiers	
Zinc oxide (REACH Registration No 01-2119463881-32)		
Zinc phosphate (REACH Registration No 01-2119485044-40)		
	iations and acronyms	
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises	
ABIX	Dangereuses par Route - European arrangements about the international	
	transport of dangerous goods on the streets	
AOEL	Acceptable Operator Exposure Level	
bw	body weight	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	
CIPAC	Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council	
CSR	Chemical Safety Report	
DAR	Draft Assessment Report	
DGUV	German social accident insurance (Deutsche Gesetzliche Unfallversicherung)	
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	
dw	dry weight	
EC	Effective concentration	
EC _b	Effective concentration (Biomass)	
EC _r	Effective concentration (Growth rate)	
EFSA	European Food Safety Authority	
EN	European norms	
IATA-DGR	International Air Transport Association - Dangerous Goods Regulation	
IBC-Code	International code for the construction and the equipment of ships	
	for the transport of dangerous goods as bulk goods.	
ICAO-TI	International Civil Aviation Organization - Technical Instructions	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods	
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry	
LD	lethal dose	
LC	lethal concentration	
MARPOL	Maritime Pollution Convention	
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit	
PBT	Persistent, Bio-accumulative, Toxic	
PVC	polyvinyl chloride	
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals	
RID	Règlement International concerante le transport des marchandises	
	Dangereuses par chemins de fer - Regulation for the international	
	transport of dangerous goods in the rail transport.	
UN	United Nations	
vPvB	very persistent and very bio-accumulative	
	information	
This information is based on our present knowledge. They do not constitute an assurance of		
product prope	erties and establishes no contract legal rights.	